

Problemen

| Problem Section

This Problem Section is open to everyone; everybody is encouraged to send in solutions and propose problems. Group contributions are welcome. We will select the most elegant solutions for publication. For this, solutions should be received before **15 October 2020**. The solutions of the problems in this issue will appear in the next issue.

Problem A (proposed by Onno Berrevoets)

Let $f : (-1, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function of class C^∞ , i.e., all higher derivatives of f exist on $(-1, 1)$. Let $c \geq 0$ be a real number. Suppose that for all $x \in (-1, 1)$ and all $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ we have $f^{(n)}(x) \geq -c$. Also assume that for all $x \in (-1, 0]$ we have $f(x) = 0$. Prove that f is the zero function.

Problem B (proposed by Onno Berrevoets)

Consider the map $f : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}^2$, $(a, b) \mapsto (2 \min\{a, b\}, \max\{a, b\} - \min\{a, b\})$.

We call $(a, b) \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}^2$ *equipotent* if there exists $n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ such that $f^n(a, b) = (x, x)$ for some $x \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ (where $f^n = f \circ \dots \circ f$). Show that $(a, b) \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 1}^2$ is equipotent if and only if $\frac{a+b}{\gcd(a,b)}$ is a power of 2.

Problem C* (folklore)

Uncle Donald cuts a 3 kg piece of cheese in an arbitrary, finite number of pieces of arbitrary weights. He distributes them uniformly randomly among his nephews Hewey, Dewey, and Louie. Prove or disprove: the probability that two of the nephews each get strictly more than 1 kg is at most two thirds.