Problem Section

Problem A (folklore)

Let *s* be a real number. Find all continuous functions $f: \mathbb{R}_{>0} \to \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ that satisfy

$$f(xy) = f(x)^{y^s} f(y)^{x^s}$$

for all *x* and *y*.

Problem B (proposed by Lee Sallows)

In the accompanying picture, nine numbered counters occupy the cells of a 3×3 board so as to make a magic square. They form 8 collinear triples, and each triple yields the same sum 15.



Place nine counters, numbered 1 through 9, on the same board, again one in each cell, so that they form 8 collinear triples, now showing a common sum of 16 rather than 15.

Problem C (folklore)

If *n* is a nonnegative integer, define a(n) to be the number of decimal digits of 2^n that are larger than or equal to 5. For example, a(8) = 2. Evaluate the infinite sum

$$\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{a(n)}{2^n}$$

Problem * (proposed by Ronald van Luijk)

Prove or disprove that for each rational number r there exist rational numbers a, b, c, d such that

$$r = \frac{a^4 - b^4}{c^4 - d^4}.$$

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